

Slope of Parallel & Perpendicular Lines

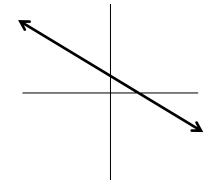
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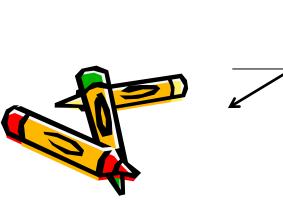
#### Recalling Slope

Recall Slope...

m = rise = 
$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{r_{un}}$$
 =  $\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ 

Inclining or Uphill Slope is positive Declining or Downhill Slope is negative

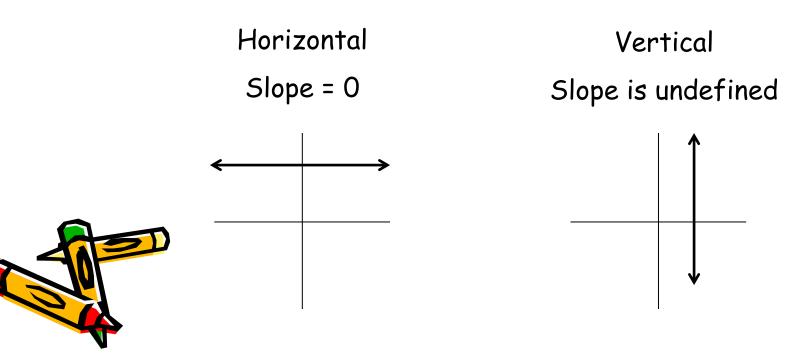




#### Recalling Slope

Recall Slope...

m = rise = 
$$y_2 - y_1$$
  
run  $x_2 - x_1$ 



# Recalling Slope-Intercept Form of a linear equation Slope Intercept Form: y = mx + bslope **Y-intercept** (where the line crosses the y-axis)



#### Find slope ...

Find the slope of the line given the information provided:

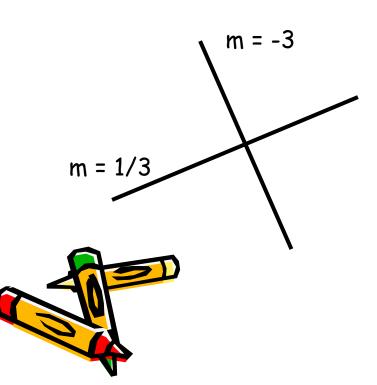
- 1. A(6,8) B(-4,4)
- 2. C(-2, 6) D(4, -6)
- 3. E(4, -7) F(4, 5)

4. 
$$y = -3x + 4$$

5. -4x - 2y = 8



Parallel lines have equal slopes.



Perpendicular lines have slopes that multiply to -1.

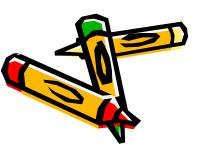
Another way to put it...perpendicular lines have opposite reciprocal slopes (flip the fraction, change the sign).



slope of  $\overline{AB} = 2/5$ 

any line *II* : m= 2/5 any line ⊥: m= -5/2

any line II : m = -3any line  $\perp : m = 1/3$ 



Find the slope of a line that is parallel to the given line, and a line perpendicular to the given line:

- 1. C(-2, 6) D(4, -6)
- 2. E(4, -7) F(4, 5)
- 3. -4x 2y = 8



In each question, determine if LM and HG are parallel, perpendicular, or intersecting.

- 1. L(-2,5) M(3,1) H(4,7) G(0,2)
- 2. L(-4, -3) M(2, 1) H(1, 7) G(-2, 5)
- 3.  $\overline{LM}$ : 5x 2y = 6 HG: 2y = -5x + 12



Write the equation of the line in slope-intercept (y=mx+b) form, that passes through each pair of points.

- 1) Find slope
- 2) Plug in slope, x and y, to find b
- 3) Rewrite equation filling in m and b.
- 1. L(-2,6) G(2,-8)

2. H(4, -3) M(-5, 5)

